Absolute Monarchs, Scientific Revolution, and Enlightenment Quiz.

1. Francis Bacon, Galileo, and Isaac Newton promoted the idea that knowledge should be based on

1. the experiences of past civilizations
2. experimentation and observation
3. emotions and feelings
4. the teachings of the Catholic Church

2. During the Scientific Revolution and the Enlightenment, one similarity in the work of many scientists and philosophers was that they

1. relied heavily on the ideas of medieval thinkers
2. favored an absolute monarchy as a way of improving economic conditions
3. received support from the Catholic Church
4. examined natural laws governing the univers

3. Which statement best describes the effects of the works of Nicolaus Copernicus, Galileo Galilei, Sir Isaac Newton, and René Descartes?

1. The acceptance of traditional authority was strengthened.
2. The scientific method was used to solve problems.
3. Funding to education was increased by the English government.
4. Interest in Greek and Roman drama was renewed.

4. Peter the Great and Catherine the Great changed Russia by

1. abolishing all social class distinctions
2. becoming constitutional monarchs
3. preventing wars with neighboring nations
4. introducing western ideas and customs

5. “God hath power to create or destroy, make or unmake, at his pleasure; to give life or send death; to judge…and to be judged (by) none…And the like power have kings;…”  
  
Which idea is described by this passage?

1. theory of divine right
2. enlightened despotism
3. Social Darwinism
4. constitutional monarchy

**6. The ideas of Rousseau, Voltaire, and Montesquieu most influenced**

* 1. the growing power of priests in the Roman Catholic Church
  2. improvements in the working conditions of factory workers
  3. the rise of industrial capitalism
  4. movements for political reform

**7. According to John Locke, the chief role of government was to**

* 1. protect natural rights
  2. fight territorial wars
  3. ensure the wealth of citizens
  4. redistribute land

8. “. . .The person of the King is sacred, and to attack him in any way is an attack on religion itself. Kings represent the divine majesty and have been appointed by Him to carry out His purposes. Serving God and respecting kings are bound together.”

—Bishop Jacques Bossuet

This statement describes the philosophy that existed during the

1. existed during the
2. Age of Absolutism
3. Renaissance
4. Industrial Revolution

9 “. . .The person of the King is sacred, and to attack him in any way is an attack on religion itself. Kings represent the divine majesty and have been appointed by Him to carry out His purposes. Serving God and respecting kings are bound together.”

—Bishop Jacques Bossuet

Which person would most agree with this statement?

1. John Locke
2. Karl Marx
3. Elizabeth II
4. Louis XIV